Grammar Lab

UNIT 1

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Present Tenses

- 1 1 Present Continuous
 - 2 Present Simple
 - 3 Present Simple
 - 4 Present Continuous
 - 5 Present Simple
- **2** a 2 b 3 c 1 d 4 e 5
- **3** Because the verb *know* is a stative verb and stative verbs are not usually used in a continuous tense.

Past Tenses

- **4** 1 Past Simple
 - 2 Past Continuous
 - 3 Past Continuous
- **5** a 1 b 3 c 2
- **1** 1 Do ... make
- 6 did ... fail
- 2 are using
- 7 were talking
- 3 isn't
- 8 is becoming
- 4 invented
- 9 want
- 5 didn't sell
- This afternoon, I met an old school friend
 - 1 while I was walking to the shops
- 2 but he **didn't remember** my name
- 3 and I want to see him again
- 4 and I am looking for him on Facebook now
- 5 and he gave me his number
- **3** 1 Students **were sending** text messages while the teacher was talking.
 - 2 Where **did** your parents **meet**?
 - 3 You lied to Mario. Now he **doesn't believe** you.
 - 4 Dave always gets to the point right away.
 - 5 Meg is crying. She **never hides** her feelings.
 - 6 We didn't **go** to the meeting yesterday.

Future Tenses

- 1 d 2 e 3 a 4 b 5 c
- 1 e Are ... going to upload
- 2 f am going to listen
- 3 d Will ... meet
- 4 c will be
- 5 a won't come
- 6 b aren't going to play

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Perfect Simple Tenses

- 1 1 Present Perfect Simple
 - 2 Past Perfect Simple
 - 3 Present Perfect Simple
- **2** a 3 b 1 c 2
 - 1 journeys, has ... been
 - 2 haven't met, sister
 - 3 Did ... hear, phone
 - 4 address, haven't kept
 - 5 had put, car
 - 6 Did ... get, snow
 - 7 realised, passport
 - 8 had dropped, pool

Present Perfect Continuous / Present Perfect Simple

- 1 Sentence b (Present Perfect Simple)
 - 2 Sentence a (Present Perfect Continuous)
- **2** been, ing
- 1 The girls have been chatting since 12 o'clock.
 - 2 How long has Dan been working here?
 - 3 Kim and I haven't been talking since our argument.
 - 4 It has been raining for days.
 - 5 Has John been receiving my messages?
 - 6 Have you been using social media for a long time?
- **2** 1 A: have been developing
 - B: Have ... managed
 - 2 A: Have ... seen
 - B: has been visiting
 - 3 A: has been writing
 - B: have never read
 - 4 A: Have ... been waiting
 - B: have been
 - 5 A: has been working
 - B: has been trying
 - 6 A: has just won
 - B: has been playing
- **3** 1 The girls have been communicating **for** five years.
 - 2 He was embarrassed because he had **forgotten** his speech.
 - 3 Mary doesn't **like** my comment.
 - 4 I started to feel ill **while** we were playing basketball.
 - 5 Will you (agree to) help us?
 - 6 Ray's phone isn't working at the moment.
 - 7 Are you going to keep in touch?
 - 8 I have known Guy since 2010

UNIT 2

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Future Perfect Simple / Future Continuous

- 1 Sentence a
 - 2 Sentence b
 - 3 Sentence c
- **2** 1 be
 - 2 have
- **1** 1 won't be travelling 4 won't have landed
 - 2 will have replaced 5 will be performing
 - 3 will be operating 6 will have invented
- **2** 1 Will ... have increased f, will be rising
 - 2 will have had e, won't be buying
 - 3 Will ... be leaving c, won't have arrived
 - 4 Will ... be coming b, will have stopped
 - 5 will ... have finished d, will have completed
 - 6 will be going a, won't be doing
- **3** 1 What **will** you probably **be doing** at this time next week?
 - 2 Will you have finished your studies by 2022?
 - 3 How many text messages will you have received by 12 o'clock tonight?
 - 4 Will you and your family be going abroad this summer?
 - 5 **Will** you **be living** in the same town when you're 30?

Possible Answers

- 1 I'll probably be sitting in class learning English.
- 2 No, I won't have finished my studies by 2022.
- 3 I'll have received over 100 messages.
- 4 No, we won't. My parents have got to work during the summer.
- 5 No, I won't. Hopefully, I'll be living abroad.
- **4** 1 will be teaching 5 won't be giving
 - 2 will have developed 6 will be answering
 - 3 won't have replaced 7 will have helped
 - 4 will be helping 8 Will ... be visiting
- **5** 1 will be going 4 won't be giving
 - 2 will be asking 5 will have improved
 - 3 won't have replaced
- **6** 1 will answer
 - 2 are going to fall
 - 3 Will ... have saved
 - 4 will be sleeping / are going to sleep
 - 5 will be coming / are coming
 - 6 will enjoy
 - 7 leaves / will be leaving
 - 8 will have finished

UNIT 3

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Relative Pronouns

- a who / that = a friend
 - b which / that = the schoolbag
 - c where = the school
 - d when = the decade
 - e whose = the teacher
- **2** 1 which / that 4 whose
 - 2 who / that 5 when
 - 3 that 6 where

Defining and Non-defining Relative Clauses

- a who / that is in the school play
 - b which / that I missed today
 - c who is an inspiration to many
 - d which was founded in 1209
- **2** 1 non-defining 3 non-defining
 - 2 defining 4 non-defining
- 1 which / that, when
 - 2 who / that, where
 - 3 whose, which / that
- **2** 1 where c 4 whose b
 - 2 who d 5 when a
 - 3 which e
- **3** 1 Here are the books which you need for the lesson.
 - 2 There is a market opposite the school where you can buy second-hand clothes.
 - 3 On Friday afternoons, when the students are tired, it's difficult to pay attention.
 - 4 My parents, who encourage me to do well, are very supportive. / My parents, who are very supportive, encourage me to do well.
 - 5 We had a teacher from Ireland whose name was Marnie.
 - 6 2010 was the year when I started a new school.
- **4** 1.6
- **5** 1 which / that 5 which / that
 - 2 which / that 6 where 3 whose 7 when
 - 4 who / that 8 who / that

6 Possible Answers

- 1 Sugar is a food which **may harm memory**.
- 2 Memories are formed in the hippocampus, which **is** an area of the brain.
- 3 The hippocampus may be harmed by foods which have a lot of sugar and unhealthy fats.
- 4 If you get enough sleep, you'll be a person whose memory is better than someone who doesn't get enough sleep.

UNIT 4

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Modals

- 1 1 can / are able to (sentence g)
 - 2 should / ought to (sentence a)
 - 3 has to / must (sentence h)
 - 4 don't have to / needn't (sentence c)
 - 5 must (sentence b)
 - 6 may / might (sentence j)
 - 7 can't (sentence i)
 - 8 could / would (sentence e)
 - 9 mustn't (sentence f)
 - 10 may (sentence d)
- We use the **base** form of a verb after a modal

Modal Perfects

- 1 should have (sentence b)
 - 2 must have (sentence a)
 - 3 may not have / might not have (sentence e)
 - 4 could have (sentence d)
 - 5 would have (sentence c)
 - 6 couldn't have (sentence f)
- We use the **past participle** form of a verb after a modal perfect.
- 1 1 d – must
- 4 c aren't able to
- 2 e can
- 5 b should
- 3 a don't have to
- 1 You have to wear a helmet.
 - 2 You mustn't walk on the grass.
 - 3 People **aren't able to** cross the street here.
 - 4 You **shouldn't** stay in that hotel.
 - 5 You can't play ball games here.
- **3** 1 must have taken
- 4 should have banned
- 2 could have improved
- 5 wouldn't have found
- 3 may not have /
 - might not have received
- 1 Jack **shouldn't have ridden** fast.
 - 2 He **couldn't have seen** the hole.
 - 3 The city **should have fixed** the hole.
 - 4 He could have broken his leg.
 - 5 He could have been / might have been killed.
- 5 1 may not have heard / might not have heard / can't have heard
 - 2 would have saved
 - 3 can sleep
 - 4 may not be / might not be / can't be
 - 5 have to walk / must walk
 - 6 may appeal / might appeal / should appeal / ought to appeal
 - 7 needn't go / don't have to go

UNIT 5

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Conditionals

Zero Conditional

If you love someone (condition), you don't want to hurt them. (result)

First Conditional

She won't get to the wedding on time (result) unless she leaves now. (condition)

You will / should / might see Beth (result) if you are in London next Tuesday. (condition)

If you don't see Tim (condition), give the book to Francis. (result)

Second Conditional

I would phone Sean to apologise (result) if

I had his number. (condition)

If I were you (condition), I'd accept Lucy's decision. (result)

Third Conditional

If they'd spent more time together (condition), they wouldn't have / might not have grown apart. (result)

- 1 Third 2 Second 3 First 4 Zero
- 1 Present Simple
 - 2 Present Simple, Future Simple
 - 3 Past Simple, would
 - 4 Past Perfect, would, past participle

Time Clauses

- 1 Present Simple
- 2 Future Simple
- 3 To the future
- 1 If I were you, I would take a warm coat.
 - 2 I want you to phone as soon as you arrive.
 - 3 You can't go out unless you finish your homework.
 - 4 You won't be healthy unless you eat fresh vegetables.
 - 5 If you had tried harder, you would have passed your exams.
 - 6 You would have more time if you didn't play computer games all day.
- 1 hadn't played
- 6 won't go
- 2 unless
- 7 unless
- 3 fell 4 might not have worked 9 will get along
 - 8 When

5 is

10 spent

- **3** 1 **As soon as** Pat's fiancé finishes his exams, they'll get married. / They'll get married **as soon as** Pat's fiancé finishes his exams.
 - 2 If you had been at the restaurant, you **would** have heard the argument. / You **would** have heard the argument if you had been at the restaurant.
 - 3 I feel embarrassed **when** everyone ignores me. / **When** everyone ignores me, I feel embarrassed.
 - 4 **If** you valued our friendship, you would care about my feelings. / You would care about my feelings **if** you valued our friendship.
 - 5 **Unless** he changes his behaviour, she'll end the relationship. / She'll end the relationship **unless** he changes his behaviour.
 - 6 I **wouldn't** tell you my secret if I didn't trust you. / If I didn't trust you, I **wouldn't** tell you my secret.

4 Possible Answers

- 1 Unless you water the plants, they will die.
- 2 Jill will be tired when **she arrives home after school**.
- 3 If I were the President, I would reduce taxes.
- 4 My parents would have been furious if **I had lied** to them.
- 5 If the driver hadn't seen our dog, it could have been run over.
- 6 Ray will clean up the kitchen as soon as **he finishes cooking dinner**.

UNIT 6

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The Passive

- 1 Thousands of items **are bought** on eBay every day. (passive)
 - 2 People **buy** thousands of items on eBay every day. (active)
- **2** a Present Simple Passive
 - b Past Simple Passive
 - c Present Perfect Simple Passive
 - d Past Continuous Passive
 - e Modal Simple Passive
 - 1 The main verb is in the **past participle** form.
 - 2 The auxiliary verb indicates the tense.
 - 3 Sentences in the passive **sometimes** include the word *by* + agent.
 - 4 In the passive, modals are followed by **the base form of the verb** *to be*.
- 1 1 was discovered
 - 2 could be opened
 - 3 had been hidden
 - 4 hadn't been painted
 - 5 wasn't known
 - 6 was sold
- **2** 1 When **was** the painting **hidden**? It was hidden years earlier.
 - 2 Why **couldn't** any information **be found** about the artist?

Because no one knew who the artist was.

3 Will the painting be displayed on the student's wall in the future?

No, it was sold.

- **3** 1 had found 5 wasn't wasted
 - 2 couldn't be sold 6 is being advertised
 - 3 bought 7 wanted
 - 4 was left 8 has ... been reduced
- **4** 1 We had / got it designed by an architect.
 - 2 She has / gets it cleaned at Car Care.
 - 3 He didn't have / get it delivered.
 - 4 Did you have / get your hair cut?
 - 5 He is having / getting a tooth filled.
 - 6 She isn't going to have / get it made.
- **5** 1 have / get ... made
 - 2 was wearing
 - 3 had been created
 - 4 were written
 - 5 didn't hide
 - 6 was sold
 - 7 Did ... have / get ... designed
 - 8 donated